## Chapter 5: Theory of Riemann-Stieltjes Integrals

**Exercise 5.1:** Let  $f:[a,b]\to\mathbb{R}$  be a function defined on [a,b]. Show that  $V_f([a,b])\geqslant |f(b)-f(a)|$ .

**Exercise 5.2**: Define the function  $f:[0,1] \to \mathbb{R}$  as follows,

$$\forall x \in [0, 1], \quad f(x) = \begin{cases} 1, & \text{if } x \in \mathbb{Q}, \\ 0, & \text{if } x \notin \mathbb{Q}. \end{cases}$$

Is *f* a function of bounded variation?

**Exercise 5.3**: Let  $f \in \mathbb{R}[X]$  be a polynomial function and I = [a, b] be a compact segment. Show that the total variation  $V_f([a, b])$  is well defined, that is f is of bounded variation on [a, b].

**Exercise 5.4**: Let  $(f_n)_{n\geqslant 1}$  be a sequence of functions of bounded variation on [a,b]. Let f be a function on [a,b]. We are given the two following conditions,

- (a) there exists M > 0 such that  $V_{f_n}([a,b]) \leq M$  for all  $n \geq 1$ ;
- (b) for every  $x \in [a, b]$ , we have the convergence  $f_n(x) \xrightarrow[n \to \infty]{} f(x)$ .

Please answer the following questions.

- (1) If both (a) and (b) hold, show that f is of bounded variation and that  $V_f([a,b]) \leq M$ .
- (2) If only the condition (b) is satisfied, can you find an example for which the limiting function f is not of bounded variation?

**Exercise 5.5**: Suppose that  $f:[a,b]\to\mathbb{R}$  is a function and there exists M>0 such that f is of bounded variation on every interval  $[a+\varepsilon,b]$  for any  $\varepsilon>0$ , with  $V_f([a+\varepsilon,b])\leqslant M$ .

- (1) Show that f if of bounded variation on [a, b].
- (2) Do we have  $V_f([a,b]) \leq M$ ?

**Exercise 5.6**: Justify whether each of the following statements is true or false. If it is true, please prove it briefly; otherwise, find a counterexample. (a < b are real numbers.)

- (a) A continuous function on [a, b] is of bounded variation.
- (b) A function that is continuous on [a, b] and differentiable on (a, b) is of bounded variation.
- (c) A function that is continuous and differentiable on [a, b] is of bounded variation.
- (d) A function of class  $C^1$  on [a, b] is of bounded variation.

## 第五章:Riemann-Stieltjes 積分理論

**習題 5.2 :** 定義函數  $f:[0,1] \to \mathbb{R}$  如下:

$$\forall x \in [0,1], \quad f(x) = \begin{cases} 1, & \text{ if } x \in \mathbb{Q}, \\ 0, & \text{ if } x \notin \mathbb{Q}. \end{cases}$$

函數 f 會是個有界變差函數嗎?

**習題 5.3** : 令  $f \in \mathbb{R}[X]$  為多項式函數且 I = [a,b] 為緊緻線段。證明總變差  $V_f([a,b])$  是定義良好的,也就是說 f 在 [a,b] 上是有界變差的。

**習題 5.4 :** 令  $(f_n)_{n\geqslant 1}$  為在 [a,b] 上的有界變差函數序列。令 f 為在 [a,b] 上的函數。我們給定下面兩個條件:

- (a) 存在 M > 0 使得  $V_{f_n}([a, b]) \leq M$  對於所有  $n \geq 1$ ;
- (b) 對於每個  $x \in [a,b]$ ,我們有收斂序列: $f_n(x) \xrightarrow[n \to \infty]{} f(x)$ 。

請回答下面問題。

- (1) 如果 (a) 與 (b) 都成立,證明 f 是有界變差的,且  $V_f([a,b]) \leq M$ 。
- (2) 如果只有 (b) 成立,你可以找到範例使得極限函數 f 不是有界變差的嗎?

**習題 5.5 :** 假設  $f:[a,b]\to\mathbb{R}$  是個函數且存在 M>0 使得對於任意  $\varepsilon>0$ , f 在區間  $[a+\varepsilon,b]$  上會是有界變差的,同時滿足  $V_f([a+\varepsilon,b])\leqslant M$ 。

- (1) 證明 f 在 [a,b] 上是有界變差的。
- (2) 我們會有  $V_f([a,b]) \leq M$  嗎?

**習題 5.6 :** 說明下列敘述是否為真。如果為真,請簡單證明;反之,請給出反例。(a < b 為實數。)

- (a) 在 [a,b] 上的連續函數是有界變差的。
- (b) 在 [a,b] 上連續,且在 (a,b) 上可微的函數是連續變差的。
- (c) 在 [a,b] 上連續且可微的函數是連續變差的。
- (d) 在 [a,b] 上的  $\mathcal{C}^1$  函數是連續變差的。

**Exercise 5.7**: Let  $\alpha \in \mathbb{R}$ . Define the function  $f:[0,1] \to \mathbb{R}$  as follows,

$$\forall x \in [0, 1], \quad f(x) = \begin{cases} x^{\alpha} \sin\left(\frac{1}{x}\right), & \text{if } x \in (0, 1], \\ 0, & \text{otherwise.} \end{cases}$$

- (1) For which values of  $\alpha$  is the function f continuous on [0,1]?
- (2) For which values of  $\alpha$  is the function f uniformly continuous on [0,1]?
- (3) For which values of  $\alpha$  is the derivative f'(0) well defined?
- (4) For which values of  $\alpha$  is the derivative f' continuous on [0,1]?
- (5) Show that for  $\alpha > 2$ , the function f is of bounded variation.
- (6) Show that for  $\alpha \leq 1$ , the function f is not of bounded variation.
- (7) (Hard) Show that for  $1 < \alpha \le 2$ , the function f is of bounded variation.

**Exercise 5.8 :** Let  $f:[a,b]\to\mathbb{R}$  be a function defined on [a,b]. For  $\alpha>0$ , we say that f is  $\alpha$ -Hölder continuous, or satisfies the uniform Lipschitz condition of order  $\alpha$ , if there exists M>0 such that

$$|f(x) - f(y)| \le M|x - y|^{\alpha}, \quad \forall x, y \in [a, b]. \tag{5.1}$$

Let  $\alpha > 0$  such that f is  $\alpha$ -Hölder continuous.

- (1) If  $\alpha > 1$ , show that f is constant on [a, b].
- (2) If  $\alpha = 1$ , show that f is of bounded variation.
- (3) If  $\alpha$  < 1, is f of bounded variation? Hint: see below<sup>1</sup>.
- (4) Find a function  $g:[a,b]\to\mathbb{R}$  which is of bounded variation, but is not  $\alpha$ -Hölder continuous for any  $\alpha>0$ .

$$\forall x \in [0,1], \quad f(x) = \begin{cases} x^{\alpha} \sin\left(\frac{1}{x}\right), & \text{若 } x \in (0,1], \\ 0, & \text{其他情況.} \end{cases}$$

- (1) 對哪些值  $\alpha$ ,函數 f 會在 [0,1] 上連續?
- (2) 對哪些值  $\alpha$  ,函數 f 會在 [0,1] 上均匀連續?
- (3) 對哪些值  $\alpha$ , 微分 f'(0) 會是定義良好的?
- (4) 對哪些值  $\alpha$ ,微分 f' 會在 [0,1] 上連續?
- (5) 證明對  $\alpha > 2$ ,函數 f 會是有界變差的。
- (6) 證明對  $\alpha \leq 1$ ,函數 f 不會是有界變差的。
- (7) (困難)證明對  $1 < \alpha \le 2$ ,函數 f 會是有界變差的。

習題 5.8 : 令  $f:[a,b] o\mathbb{R}$  為定義在 [a,b] 上的函數。對於  $\alpha>0$ ,如果存在 M>0 使得

$$|f(x) - f(y)| \leqslant M|x - y|^{\alpha}, \quad \forall x, y \in [a, b], \tag{5.1}$$

則我們說 f 是  $\alpha$ -Hölder 連續,或是滿足  $\alpha$  階的均匀 Lipschitz 條件。令  $\alpha>0$  使得 f 是  $\alpha$ -Hölder 連續的。

- (1) 如果  $\alpha > 1$ ,證明 f 在 [a,b] 上是個常數。
- (2) 如果  $\alpha = 1$ ,證明 f 是有界變差的。
- (3) 如果  $\alpha < 1$ , f 會是有界變差的嗎?提示:如下<sup>1</sup>。
- (4) 找一個有界變差的函數  $g:[a,b] \to \mathbb{R}$ ,但對於任意  $\alpha>0$ ,他都不會是  $\alpha$ -Hölder 連續的。

2

Last modified: 20:24 on Tuesday 18th February, 2025

最後修改: 2025年2月18日20:24

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>The answer is no, and you need to find a counterexample.

<sup>1</sup>答案是否定的,你需要找反例出來。

**Exercise 5.9**: A function  $f:[a,b]\to\mathbb{R}$  is said to be *absolutely continuous* (絕對連續) on [a,b] if for every  $\varepsilon>0$ , there exists  $\delta>0$  such that for any  $n\in\mathbb{N}$  and any disjoint open intervals  $(a_k,b_k)\subseteq[a,b]$ ,  $1\leqslant k\leqslant n$ ,

$$\sum_{k=1}^{n} (b_k - a_k) < \delta \quad \Rightarrow \quad \sum_{k=1}^{n} |f(b_k) - f(a_k)| < \varepsilon.$$

(1) Show that the function  $f:[0,1]\to\mathbb{R}, x\mapsto\sqrt{x}$  is absolutely continuous.

We are given two functions  $f,g:[a,b]\to\mathbb{R}$  that are both absolutely continuous.

- (2) Show that f is uniformly continuous, continuous, and of bounded variation on [a, b].
- (3) Show that if f is 1-Hölder continuous on [a, b], see Eq. (5.1) for the definition, then f is absolutely continuous on [a, b].
- (4) Show that both |f| and cf are absolutely continuous, for any constant  $c \in \mathbb{R}$ .
- (5) Show that f + g and  $f \cdot g$  are both absolutely continuous.
- (6) Show that if g is bounded away from zero (i.e.,  $|g| \ge c$  for some c > 0), then  $\frac{f}{g}$  is absolutely continuous.

**習題 5.9 :** 給定函數  $f:[a,b]\to\mathbb{R}$ ,如果對於任意  $\varepsilon>0$ ,會存在  $\delta>0$  使得對於任意  $n\in\mathbb{N}$  以及任意互斥開區間  $(a_k,b_k)\subseteq[a,b],1\leqslant k\leqslant n$ ,我們有

$$\sum_{k=1}^{n} (b_k - a_k) < \delta \quad \Rightarrow \quad \sum_{k=1}^{n} |f(b_k) - f(a_k)| < \varepsilon,$$

則我們說 f 在 [a,b] 上是絕對連續 (absolutely continuous) 的。

(1) 證明函數  $f:[0,1]\to\mathbb{R}, x\mapsto\sqrt{x}$  是絕對連續的。

給定兩個絕對連續的函數  $f,g:[a,b]\to\mathbb{R}$ 。

- (2) 證明 f 在 [a,b] 上是均匀連續、連續,且是有界變差的。
- (3) 證明如果 f 在 [a,b] 上是 1-Hölder 連續,他的定義請見式 (5.1),那麼他在 [a,b] 上會是絕對連續的。
- (4) 證明 |f| 是絕對連續的;以及對於任意常數  $c \in \mathbb{R}$ ,函數 cf 是絕對連續的。
- (5) 證明 f + g 以及  $f \cdot g$  都是絕對連續的。
- (6) 證明如果 g 是個不靠近零的函數(也就是存在 c>0 使得  $|g|\geqslant c$ ),那麼  $\frac{f}{g}$  是絕對連續的。